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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/674,253	09/29/2003	Gil Young Choi	5895P041	3176	
8791 7590 07/08/2008 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP 1279 OAKMEAD PARKWAY SUNDYVALE CA 04085 4040			EXAMINER		
			ELAHEE, MD S		
SUNNYVALE, CA 94085-4040			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2614		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/674,253	CHOI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	MD S. ELAHEE	2614			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Second 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Expression 1.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the second contents.	r election requirement. r. are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objec	-			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 09/29/2003.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on September 29, 2003 was received. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Raisanen et al. (International Pub. No. WO 02/07394).

Regarding claim 1, with respect to Figures 1-4, 6, 7, 9, Raisanen teaches a method of providing Differentiated Service (DiffServ) based Quality of Service (QoS) to Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) packets through a router in an Internet protocol (IP) network, the IP network comprising routers, a VoIP call control device for performing a call processing function on the basis of a VoIP signal, and a QOS manager [i.e., QoS control server] for providing QoS

(page 2, lines 30-36, page 3, lines 1, 24-29, page 4, lines 19-27), the method comprising the steps of:

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providing VoIP call session information including source and destination IP addresses, source and destination user datagram protocol (UDP) port numbers, and requested QoS information to the QoS control server by the VoIP call control device (fig.1, 4; page 4, lines 19-27, page 6, lines 24-36);

Raisanen further teaches finding source and destination routers using the VoIP call session information and sending the VoIP call session information requiring provision of QoS to the source and destination routers by the QoS control server (fig.1, 4; page 4, lines 19-27, page 6, lines 24-36); and

Raisanen further teaches providing DiffServ based QoS to packet flows by the aggregate of packet flows using the VoIP call session information at the time of VoIP packet forwarding by the routers (fig.1, 4; page 2, lines 30-36, page 3, line 1, page 4, lines 19-27, page 6, lines 24-36, page 7, line 1-page 8, line 7, page 10, lines 7-14).

Regarding claim 2, Raisanen, as applied to claim 1, teaches that providing DiffServ based QoS to VoIP packets through a router, wherein said routers are open programmable switched routers which are capable of providing QoS to VoIP packets (fig.1, 4; page 2, lines 30-36, page 3, line 1, page 4, lines 19-27, page 6, lines 24-36).

Regarding claim 3, Raisanen, as applied to claim 1, teaches that said routers, said VoIP call control device and said QoS control server are designed in a clients-server structure such that

both said routers and VoIP call control device are operated as clients, and said OoS control

server is operated as a server and said routers, said VoIP call control device and said QoS control

server are connected to each other in a TCP connection manner through an open application

programming interface (fig.1, 4; page 4, lines 19-27, page 6, lines 24-36).

Regarding claim 4, Raisanen, as applied to claim 1, teaches wherein the step b) is

performed such that, if router interface configuration information of each of said routers is

initialized and modified, said QoS control server receives the router interface configuration

information from a corresponding router, manages the router interface configuration information,

and uses the router interface configuration information to find a corresponding router at the time

of receiving a QoS session addition/deletion request (page 4, lines 19-27, page 10, lines 26-29,

page 13, lines 16-25, page 14, lines 4-33, page 15, line 26-page 16, lines 9).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

5. The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459

(1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raisanen et al. in view of Aukia et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,594,268).

Regarding claim 5, Raisanen, as applied to claim 1, teaches VoIP packets flows requiring provision of QoS using connection setup/disconnection information on end-to-end flows of a VoIP call contained in the received VoIP call session information by said routers and providing DiffServ based QoS to the classified VoIP packet flows by the aggregate of packet flows (page 4, lines 19-27, page 10, lines 26-29, page 13, lines 16-25, page14, lines 4-33, page 15, line 26-page16, lines 9).

However, Raisanen does not specifically teach classifying VoIP packets flows requiring provision of QoS. Aukia teaches classifying VoIP packets flows requiring provision of QoS (abstract; col.5, lines 9-17). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Raisanen to incorporate feature of classifying VoIP packets flows requiring provision of QoS in Raisanen's invention as taught by Aukia. The motivation for the modification is to do so in order to generate new routing path based on packet flows in case of node/link failure or network topology/provisioning change.

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Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to MD S. ELAHEE whose telephone number is (571)272-7536.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Fri from 9:00am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-7547. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/MD S ELAHEE/ MD SHAFIUL ALAM ELAHEE Examiner Art Unit 2614

July 8, 2008